

2020-05

#### **Processes**



MIG (GMAW) Welding Flux Cored (FCAW) Welding

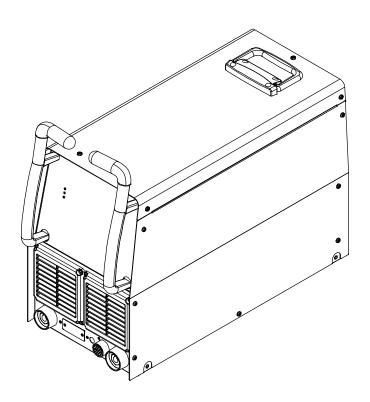
#### **Description**





Arc Welding Power Source Wire Feeder

# MigMatic<sup>®</sup> S400i/S400iP/S500i CE





For product information, Owner's Manual translations, and more, visit

www.MillerWelds.com

# OWNER'S MANUAL

File: MIG (GMAW)



# From Miller to You

Thank you and congratulations on choosing Miller. Now you can get the job done and get it done right. We know you don't have time to do it any other way.

That's why when Niels Miller first started building arc welders in 1929, he made sure his products offered long-lasting value and superior quality. Like you, his customers couldn't afford anything less. Miller products had to be more than the best they could be. They had to be the best you could buy.

Today, the people that build and sell Miller products continue the tradition. They're just as committed to providing equipment and service that meets the high standards of quality and value established in 1929.

This Owner's Manual is designed to help you get the most out of your Miller products. Please take time to read the Safety Precautions. They will help you protect yourself against potential hazards on the worksite. We've made installation and operation quick and easy. With Miller, you can count on years of reliable service with proper maintenance. And if for some reason the unit needs repair, there's a Troubleshooting section that will help you figure out what the problem is, and our extensive service network is there to help fix the problem. Warranty and maintenance information for your particular model are also provided.

TRUEBLUE WARRANTY

Working as hard as you do – every power source from Miller is backed by the most hassle-free warranty in the business.

Miller Electric manufactures a full line of welders and welding-related equipment. For

information on other quality Miller products, contact your local Miller distributor to receive the latest full line catalog or individual catalog sheets.





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# Miller.

#### **DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

for European Community (CE marked) products.

ITW Welding Products B.V. Edisonstraat 10, 3261 LD Oud-Beijerland, Netherlands, declares that the product(s) identified in this declaration conform to the essential requirements and provisions of the stated Council Directive(s) and Standard(s).

Product/Apparatus Identification:

Product	Stock Number
MIGMATIC S400i	059015054
MIGMATIC S400iP	059015055
MIGMATIC S500i	059015056

#### Council Directives:

- 2014/35/EU Low Voltage
- 2014/30/EU Electromagnetic Compatibility
- 2011/65/EU Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment

#### Standards:

- IEC 60974-1:2012 Arc Welding Equipment Part 1: Welding Power Sources
- IEC 60974-10:2014+A1:2015 Arc Welding Equipment Part 10: Electromagnetic Compatibility Requirements

EU Signatory:

Pieter Keultjes

November 4<sup>th</sup>, 2019

Date of Declaration

Equipment Technical Manager - EMEAR

956172370

# EMF DATA SHEET FOR ARC WELDING POWER SOURCE //// Miller.



#### **Product/Apparatus Identification**

	Product		3	Stock Number		
	MigMatic S500i			059015056		
	MigMatic S400iP			059015055		
	Migmatic S400i			059015054		
Compliance Information	Summary					
Applicable regulation	Directive 2014/35/EU					
Reference limits	Directive 2013/35/EU, Recon	nmendation 19	999/519/EC			
Applicable standards	IEC 62822-1:2016, IEC 6282	2-2:2016				
ntended use	$\square$ for occupational use	☐ for use	e by laymen			
Non-thermal effects need	to be considered for workplace as	sessment		⊠ YES	$\square$ NO	
Thermal effects need to be	e considered for workplace assess	ment		☐ YES	⊠ NO	
Data is based on n	naximum power source capability (	valid unless fir	mware/hardw	vare is change	d)	
☐ Data is based on w	orst case setting/program (only va	lid until settinç	g options/weld	ling programs	are changed)	
☐ Data is based on n	nultiple settings/programs (only val	id until setting	options/weldi	ing programs a	are changed)	
Occupational exposure is for health effects at the sta	below the Exposure Limit Values (landardized configurations	,	NO, specific re		□ NO um distances ap	ply)
•	below the Exposure Limit Values (l standardized configurations	,	☐ n.a olicable and N		□ NO asures are need	ded)

#### **EMF Data for Non-thermal Effects**

standardized configurations

Exposure Indices (Els) and distances to welding circuit (for each operation mode, as applicable)

	He	ad			
	Sensory Effects	Health Effects	Trunk	Limb (hand)	Limb (thigh)
Standardized distance	10 cm	10 cm	10 cm	3 cm	3 cm
ELV EI @ standardized distance	0.08	0.06	0.09	0.05	0.11
Required minimum distance	1 cm	1 cm	1 cm	1 cm	1 cm

□ n.a

 $\boxtimes$  YES

(if applicable and NO, specific signage is needed)

Distance where all occupational ELV Exposure Indices fall below 0.20 (20%
---

Occupational exposure is below the Action Levels (ALs) at the

2 cm

Distance where all general public ELV Exposure Indices fall below 1.00 (100%)

82 cm

Tested by: Joe Krueger Date tested: 2019-12-06

XXXXXX-A

#### SECTION 1 – SAFETY PRECAUTIONS - READ BEFORE USING



A Protect yourself and others from injury — read, follow, and save these important safety precautions and operating instructions.

#### Symbol Usage



DANGER! - Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. The possible hazards are shown in the adjoining symbols or explained in the text.



Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. The possible hazards are shown in the adjoining symbols or explained in the text.

NOTICE - Indicates statements not related to personal injury.

[ Indicates special instructions.









This group of symbols means Warning! Watch Out! ELECTRIC SHOCK, MOVING PARTS, and HOT PARTS hazards. Consult symbols and related instructions below for necessary actions to avoid these hazards.

#### **Arc Welding Hazards**



The symbols shown below are used throughout this manual to call attention to and identify possible hazards. When you see the symbol, watch out, and follow the related instructions to avoid the hazard. The safety information given below is only a summary of the more complete safety information found in the Principal Safety Standards listed in Section 1-5. Read and follow all Safety Standards.



A Only qualified persons should install, operate, maintain, and repair this equipment. A qualified person is defined as one who, by possession of a recognized degree, certificate, or professional standing, or who by extensive knowledge, training and experience, has successfully demonstrated the ability to solve or resolve problems relating to the subject matter, the work, or the project and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved.



During operation, keep everybody, especially children, away.



#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.**

Touching live electrical parts can cause fatal shocks or severe burns. The electrode and work circuit is electrically live whenever the output is on. The input power circuit and machine internal circuits are also live when power is on. In semiautomatic or automatic wire welding, the wire, wire reel, drive roll housing, and all metal parts touching the welding wire are electrically live. Incorrectly installed or improperly grounded equipment is a hazard.

- Do not touch live electrical parts.
- Wear dry, hole-free insulating gloves and body protection.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulating mats or covers big enough to prevent any physical contact with the work or ground.
- Do not use AC weld output in damp, wet, or confined spaces, or if there is a danger of falling.
- Use AC output ONLY if required for the welding process.
- If AC output is required, use remote output control if present on unit.
- Additional safety precautions are required when any of the following electrically hazardous conditions are present: in damp locations or while wearing wet clothing; on metal structures such as floors, gratings, or scaffolds; when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling, or lying; or when there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with the workpiece or ground. For these conditions, use the following equipment in order presented: 1) a semiautomatic DC constant voltage (wire) welder, 2) a DC manual (stick) welder, or 3) an AC welder with reduced open-circuit voltage. In most situations, use of a DC, constant voltage wire welder is recommended. And, do not work alone!
- Disconnect input power or stop engine before installing or servicing this equipment. Lockout/tagout input power according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.147 (see Safety Standards).

- Properly install, ground, and operate this equipment according to its Owner's Manual and national, state, and local codes.
- Always verify the supply ground check and be sure that input power cord ground wire is properly connected to ground terminal in disconnect box or that cord plug is connected to a properly grounded receptacle outlet.
- When making input connections, attach proper grounding conductor first - double-check connections.
- Keep cords dry, free of oil and grease, and protected from hot metal and sparks.
- Frequently inspect input power cord and ground conductor for damage or bare wiring - replace immediately if damaged - bare wiring can kill.
- Turn off all equipment when not in use.
- Do not use worn, damaged, undersized, or repaired cables.
- Do not drape cables over your body.
- If earth grounding of the workpiece is required, ground it directly with a separate cable.
- Do not touch electrode if you are in contact with the work, ground, or another electrode from a different machine.
- Do not touch electrode holders connected to two welding machines at the same time since double open-circuit voltage will be
- Use only well-maintained equipment. Repair or replace damaged parts at once. Maintain unit according to manual.
- Wear a safety harness if working above floor level.
- Keep all panels and covers securely in place.
- Clamp work cable with good metal-to-metal contact to workpiece or worktable as near the weld as practical.
- Insulate work clamp when not connected to workpiece to prevent contact with any metal object.
- Do not connect more than one electrode or work cable to any single weld output terminal. Disconnect cable for process not in
- Use GFCI protection when operating auxiliary equipment in damp or wet locations.

#### SIGNIFICANT DC VOLTAGE exists in inverter welding power sources AFTER removal of input power.

Turn off unit, disconnect input power, and discharge input capacitors according to instructions in Manual before touching any parts.



#### HOT PARTS can burn.

- Do not touch hot parts bare handed.
- Allow cooling period before working on equipment.
- To handle hot parts, use proper tools and/or wear heavy, insulated welding gloves and clothing to prevent burns.

#### **FUMES AND GASES can be hazardous.**

Welding produces fumes and gases. Breathing these fumes and gases can be hazardous to your health.

- Keep your head out of the fumes. Do not breathe the fumes.
- Ventilate the work area and/or use local forced ventilation at the arc
  to remove welding fumes and gases. The recommended way to
  determine adequate ventilation is to sample for the composition
  and quantity of fumes and gases to which personnel are exposed.
- If ventilation is poor, wear an approved air-supplied respirator.
- Read and understand the Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) and the manufacturer's instructions for adhesives, coatings, cleaners, consumables, coolants, degreasers, fluxes, and metals.
- Work in a confined space only if it is well ventilated, or while wearing an air-supplied respirator. Always have a trained watchperson nearby. Welding fumes and gases can displace air and lower the oxygen level causing injury or death. Be sure the breathing air is safe.
- Do not weld in locations near degreasing, cleaning, or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with vapors to form highly toxic and irritating gases.
- Do not weld on coated metals, such as galvanized, lead, or cadmium plated steel, unless the coating is removed from the weld area, the area is well ventilated, and while wearing an air-supplied respirator. The coatings and any metals containing these elements can give off toxic fumes if welded.



#### ARC RAYS can burn eyes and skin.

Arc rays from the welding process produce intense visible and invisible (ultraviolet and infrared) rays that can burn eyes and skin. Sparks fly off from the weld

- Wear an approved welding helmet fitted with a proper shade of filter lenses to protect your face and eyes from arc rays and sparks when welding or watching (see ANSI Z49.1 and Z87.1 listed in Safety Standards).
- Wear approved safety glasses with side shields under your helmet.
- Use protective screens or barriers to protect others from flash, glare and sparks; warn others not to watch the arc.
- Wear body protection made from durable, flame-resistant material (leather, heavy cotton, wool). Body protection includes oil-free clothing such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes, and a cap.



#### WELDING can cause fire or explosion.

Welding on closed containers, such as tanks, drums, or pipes, can cause them to blow up. Sparks can fly off from the welding arc. The flying sparks, hot workpiece, and hot equipment can cause fires and

burns. Accidental contact of electrode to metal objects can cause sparks, explosion, overheating, or fire. Check and be sure the area is safe before doing any welding.

- Remove all flammables within 35 ft (10.7 m) of the welding arc. If this is not possible, tightly cover them with approved covers.
- Do not weld where flying sparks can strike flammable material.
- Protect yourself and others from flying sparks and hot metal.
- Be alert that welding sparks and hot materials from welding can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas.
- Watch for fire, and keep a fire extinguisher nearby.
- Be aware that welding on a ceiling, floor, bulkhead, or partition can cause fire on the hidden side.

- Do not cut or weld on tire rims or wheels. Tires can explode if heated. Repaired rims and wheels can fail. See OSHA 29 CFR 1910.177 listed in Safety Standards.
- Do not weld on containers that have held combustibles, or on closed containers such as tanks, drums, or pipes unless they are properly prepared according to AWS F4.1 and AWS A6.0 (see Safety Standards).
- Do not weld where the atmosphere can contain flammable dust, gas, or liquid vapors (such as gasoline).
- Connect work cable to the work as close to the welding area as practical to prevent welding current from traveling long, possibly unknown paths and causing electric shock, sparks, and fire hazards.
- Do not use welder to thaw frozen pipes.
- Remove stick electrode from holder or cut off welding wire at contact tip when not in use.
- Wear body protection made from durable, flame—resistant material (leather, heavy cotton, wool). Body protection includes oil-free clothing such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes, and a cap.
- Remove any combustibles, such as a butane lighter or matches, from your person before doing any welding.
- After completion of work, inspect area to ensure it is free of sparks, glowing embers, and flames.
- Use only correct fuses or circuit breakers. Do not oversize or bypass them.
- Follow requirements in OSHA 1910.252 (a) (2) (iv) and NFPA 51B for hot work and have a fire watcher and extinguisher nearby.
- Read and understand the Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) and the manufacturer's instructions for adhesives, coatings, cleaners, consumables, coolants, degreasers, fluxes, and metals.



#### **FLYING METAL or DIRT can injure eyes.**

- Welding, chipping, wire brushing, and grinding cause sparks and flying metal. As welds cool, they can throw off slag.
- Wear approved safety glasses with side shields even under your welding helmet.



#### BUILDUP OF GAS can injure or kill.

- Shut off compressed gas supply when not in use.
- Always ventilate confined spaces or use approved air-supplied respirator.



# ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS (EMF) can affect Implanted Medical Devices.

- Wearers of Pacemakers and other Implanted Medical Devices should keep away.
- Implanted Medical Device wearers should consult their doctor and the device manufacturer before going near arc welding, spot welding, gouging, plasma arc cutting, or induction heating operations.



#### NOISE can damage hearing.

Noise from some processes or equipment can damage hearing.

 Wear approved ear protection if noise level is high.



#### CYLINDERS can explode if damaged.

Compressed gas cylinders contain gas under high pressure. If damaged, a cylinder can explode. Since gas cylinders are normally part of the welding process, be sure to treat them carefully.

- Protect compressed gas cylinders from excessive heat, mechanical shocks, physical damage, slag, open flames, sparks, and arcs.
- Install cylinders in an upright position by securing to a stationary support or cylinder rack to prevent falling or tipping.
- Keep cylinders away from any welding or other electrical circuits.
- Never drape a welding torch over a gas cylinder.
- Never allow a welding electrode to touch any cylinder.

- Never weld on a pressurized cylinder explosion will result.
- Use only correct compressed gas cylinders, regulators, hoses, and fittings designed for the specific application; maintain them and associated parts in good condition.
- Turn face away from valve outlet when opening cylinder valve. Do not stand in front of or behind the regulator when opening the valve.
- Keep protective cap in place over valve except when cylinder is in use or connected for use.
- Use the proper equipment, correct procedures, and sufficient number of persons to lift, move, and transport cylinders.
- Read and follow instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and Compressed Gas Association (CGA) publication P-1 listed in Safety Standards.

#### 1-3. Additional Hazards For Installation, Operation, And Maintenance



#### FIRE OR EXPLOSION hazard.

- Do not install or place unit on, over, or near combustible surfaces.
- Do not install unit near flammables.
- Do not overload building wiring be sure power supply system is properly sized, rated, and protected to handle this unit.



#### FALLING EQUIPMENT can injure.

- Use lifting eye to lift unit only, NOT running gear, gas cylinders, or any other accessories.
- Use correct procedures and equipment of adequate capacity to lift and support unit.
- If using lift forks to move unit, be sure forks are long enough to extend beyond opposite side of unit.
- Keep equipment (cables and cords) away from moving vehicles when working from an aerial location.
- Follow the guidelines in the Applications Manual for the Revised NIOSH Lifting Equation (Publication No. 94–110) when manually lifting heavy parts or equipment.



#### **OVERUSE can cause OVERHEATING**

- Allow cooling period; follow rated duty cycle.
- Reduce current or reduce duty cycle before starting to weld again.
- Do not block or filter airflow to unit.



#### FLYING SPARKS can injure.

- Wear a face shield to protect eyes and face.
- Shape tungsten electrode only on grinder with proper guards in a safe location wearing proper face, hand, and body protection.
- Sparks can cause fires keep flammables away.



#### STATIC (ESD) can damage PC boards.

- Put on grounded wrist strap BEFORE handling boards or parts.
- Use proper static-proof bags and boxes to store, move, or ship PC boards.



#### MOVING PARTS can injure.

- · Keep away from moving parts.
- Keep away from pinch points such as drive rolls.



#### WELDING WIRE can injure.

- Do not press gun trigger until instructed to do so.
- Do not point gun toward any part of the body, other people, or any metal when threading welding wire.



#### **BATTERY EXPLOSION can injure.**

 Do not use welder to charge batteries or jump start vehicles unless it has a battery charging feature designed for this purpose.



#### MOVING PARTS can injure.

- Keep away from moving parts such as fans.
- Keep all doors, panels, covers, and guards closed and securely in place.
- Have only qualified persons remove doors, panels, covers, or guards for maintenance and troubleshooting as necessary.
- Reinstall doors, panels, covers, or guards when maintenance is finished and before reconnecting input power.



#### **READ INSTRUCTIONS.**

- Read and follow all labels and the Owner's Manual carefully before installing, operating, or servicing unit. Read the safety information at the beginning of the manual and in each
- Use only genuine replacement parts from the manufacturer.
- Perform installation, maintenance, and service according to the Owner's Manuals, industry standards, and national, state, and local codes.

#### H.F. RADIATION can cause interference.

- High-frequency (H.F.) can interfere with radio navigation, safety services, computers, and communications equipment.
- Have only qualified persons familiar with electronic equipment perform this installation.
- The user is responsible for having a qualified electrician promptly correct any interference problem resulting from the installa-
- If notified by the FCC about interference, stop using the equipment at once.
- Have the installation regularly checked and maintained.
- Keep high-frequency source doors and panels tightly shut, keep spark gaps at correct setting, and use grounding and shielding to minimize the possibility of interference.



#### ARC WELDING can cause interference.

- Electromagnetic energy can interfere with sensitive electronic equipment such as computers and computer-driven equipment such as robots.
- Be sure all equipment in the welding area is electromagnetically compatible.
- To reduce possible interference, keep weld cables as short as possible, close together, and down low, such as on the floor.
- Locate welding operation 100 meters from any sensitive electronic equipment.
- Be sure this welding machine is installed and grounded according to this manual.
- If interference still occurs, the user must take extra measures such as moving the welding machine, using shielded cables, using line filters, or shielding the work area.

#### California Proposition 65 Warnings 1-4.



⚠ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including lead, which are known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive

For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### **Principal Safety Standards**

Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes, American Welding Society standard ANSI Standard Z49.1. Website: www.aws.org.

Safe Practice For Occupational And Educational Eye And Face Protection, ANSI Standard Z87.1 from American National Standards Institute. Website: www.ansi.org.

Safe Practices for the Preparation of Containers and Piping for Welding and Cutting, American Welding Society Standard AWS F4.1 from Global Engineering Documents. Website: www.global.ihs.com.

Safe Practices for Welding and Cutting Containers that have Held Combustibles, American Welding Society Standard AWS A6.0 from Global Engineering Documents. Website: www.global.ihs.com.

National Electrical Code, NFPA Standard 70 from National Fire Protection Association. Website: www.nfpa.org and www. sparky.org.

Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders, CGA Pamphlet P-1 from Compressed Gas Association. Website:www.cganet.com.

Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes, CSA Standard W117.2 from Canadian Standards Association.

Website: www.csagroup.org.

Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work, NFPA Standard 51B from National Fire Protection Association. Website: www.nfpa.org.

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Standards for General Industry, Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 1910.177 Subpart N, Part 1910 Subpart Q, and Part 1926, Subpart J. Website: www.osha.gov.

OSHA Important Note Regarding the ACGIH TLV, Policy Statement on the Uses of TLVs and BEIs. Website: www.osha.gov.

Applications Manual for the Revised NIOSH Lifting Equation from the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH). Website: www.cdc.gov/NIOSH.

#### **EMF Information** 1-6.

Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized electric and magnetic fields (EMF). The current from arc welding (and allied processes including spot welding, gouging, plasma arc cutting, and induction heating operations) creates an EMF field around the welding circuit. EMF fields can interfere with some medical implants, e.g. pacemakers. Protective measures for persons wearing medical implants have to be taken. For example, restrict access for passers-by or conduct individual risk assessment for welders. All welders should use the following procedures in order to minimize exposure to EMF fields from the welding circuit:

- Keep cables close together by twisting or taping them, or using a cable cover.
- 2. Do not place your body between welding cables. Arrange cables to one side and away from the operator.
- 3. Do not coil or drape cables around your body.

- 4. Keep head and trunk as far away from the equipment in the welding circuit as possible.
- 5. Connect work clamp to workpiece as close to the weld as possible.
- 6. Do not work next to, sit or lean on the welding power source.
- 7. Do not weld whilst carrying the welding power source or wire feeder.

#### **About Implanted Medical Devices:**

Implanted Medical Device wearers should consult their doctor and the device manufacturer before performing or going near arc welding, spot welding, gouging, plasma arc cutting, or induction heating operations. If cleared by your doctor, then following the above procedures is recommended.

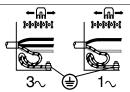
# **SECTION 2 - DEFINITIONS**

#### 2-1. Additional Safety Symbols And Definitions

 $\square$  Some symbols are found only on CE products.

<b>A</b>	Warning Watch Outl There are possible hazarde as shown by the cumbels	
<u> </u>	Warning! Watch Out! There are possible hazards as shown by the symbols.	Safe1 2012-05
	Do not discard product (where applicable) with general waste.  Reuse or recycle Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) by disposing at a designated collect facility.	etion
	Contact your local recycling office or your local distributor for further information.	Safe37 2017-04
	Wear dry insulating gloves. Do not touch electrode with bare hand. Do not wear wet or damaged gloves.	Safe2 2017-04
A	Protect yourself from electric shock by insulating yourself from work and ground.	Safe3 2017-04
	Disconnect input plug or power before working on machine.	Safe5 2017-04
	Keep your head out of the fumes.	Safe6 2017-04
	Use forced ventilation or local exhaust to remove the fumes.	Safe8 2012-05
	Use ventilating fan to remove fumes.	Safe10 2012-05
	Keep flammables away from welding. Do not weld near flammables.	Safe12 2012-05
	Welding sparks can cause fires. Have a fire extinguisher nearby, and have a watchperson ready to use it	t. Safe14 2012-05

	Do not weld on drums or any closed contained	rs. Safe16 2017-04
	Do not remove or paint over (cover) the label.	Safe20 2017-04
	Disconnect input plug or power before working	g on machine. Safe30 2012-05
<b>*************************************</b>	Drive rolls can injure fingers.	Safe32 2012-05
	Welding wire and drive parts are at welding vo	oltage during operation – keep hands and metal objects away. Safe33 2017-04
	Consult rating label for input power requireme site.	nts. See rating label on unit and check input voltage available at Safe34 2012-05
	Become trained and read the instructions and	labels before working on machine.  Safe35 2012-05
+	+ +	Wear hat and safety glasses. Use ear protection and button shirt collar. Use welding helmet with correct shade of filter. Wear complete body protection.  Safe38 2012-05
Section and section of the section o		Become trained and read the instructions before working on the machine or welding.  Safe40 2012-05



Move jumper links as shown on inside label to match input voltage at job site. Include extra length in grounding conductor and connect grounding conductor first. Connect line input conductors as shown on inside label. Double-check all connections, jumper link positions, and input voltage before applying power.

Safe49 2012-05



Falling unit can cause injury. Do not move or operate unit where it could tip.

Safe53 2017-04

#### 2-2. Miscellaneous Symbols And Definitions

Α	Amperage
V	Volts
$\sim$	Alternating Current (AC)
===	Direct Current (DC)
7	Remote
I	On
0	Off
4	Protective Earth (Ground)
	Line Connection
3∕	Three Phase

Ģ	Gas Metal Arc Welding (GMAW)
	Tungsten Inert Gas (TIG) Welding
	MMA Welding
1 <sub>max</sub>	Rated Maximum Supply Current
1eff	Maximum Effective Supply Current
$U_2$	Conventional Load Voltage
U₁	Primary Voltage
	Rated Welding Current
0	Circuit Breaker
<u>~₩₩</u>	Three Phase Static Frequency Converter Transformer-Recti fier

$\phi$	Output
1~	Single Phase
Ш	Flat Characteristic (Constant Voltage)
X	Duty Cycle
%	Percent
IP	Degree Of Protection
+	Positive
	Negative
<b>→</b> ∨	Voltage Input
F	Temperature Indication

#### **SECTION 3 – SPECIFICATIONS**

#### 3-1. Serial Number And Rating Label Location

The serial number and rating information for this product is located on the back. Use rating label to determine input power requirements and/or rated output. For future reference, write serial number in space provided on back cover of this manual.

#### 3-2. Software Licensing Agreement

The End User License Agreement and any third-party notices and terms and conditions pertaining to third-party software can be found at <a href="https://www.millerwelds.com/eula">https://www.millerwelds.com/eula</a> and are incorporated by reference herein.

#### 3-3. Information About Default Weld Parameters And Settings

NOTICE – Each welding application is unique. Although certain Miller Electric products are designed to determine and default to certain typical welding parameters and settings based upon specific and relatively limited application variables input by the end user, such default settings are for reference purposes only; and final weld results can be affected by other variables and application-specific circumstances. The appropriateness of all parameters and settings should be evaluated and modified by the end user as necessary based upon application-specific requirements. The end user is solely responsible for selection and coordination of appropriate equipment, adoption or adjustment of default weld parameters and settings, and ultimate quality and durability of all resultant welds. Miller Electric expressly disclaims any and all implied warranties including any implied warranty of fitness for a particular purpose.

#### 3-4. Specifications

Do not use information in unit specifications table to determine electrical service requirements. See Sections 4-12 and 4-13 for information on connecting input power.

☐ This equipment will deliver rated output at an ambient air temperature up to 104 F ( 40 °C).

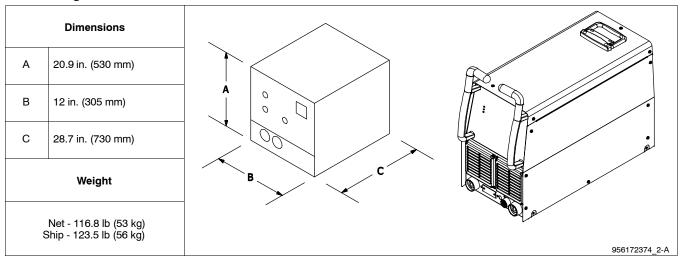
Rated Output		Max. Open Circuit	Amperage Range	KVA	KW	
100%	80%	50%	Voltage	DC	KVA	IXVV
350 A 31.5 V	400 A 34 V	-	70.0 V	15-400 A	17.92	15.61
350 A 31.5 V	400 A 34 V	-	70.0 V	15-400 A	17.92	15.61
400 A 34 V	-	500 A 39 V	70.0 V	15-500 A	25.09	22.73
	350 A 31.5 V 350 A 31.5 V 400 A 34 V	350 A 400 A 34 V  350 A 400 A 31.5 V 34 V  400 A 34 V	350 A 31.5 V 34 V -  350 A 31.5 V 34 V -  400 A 31.5 V 34 V -  400 A 34 V -  500 A 39 V	350 A 31.5 V 34 V - 70.0 V  350 A 31.5 V 34 V - 70.0 V  400 A 500 A 70.0 V	350 A 31.5 V 34 V - 70.0 V 15-400 A 350 A 31.5 V 34 V - 70.0 V 15-400 A 400 A 31.5 V 34 V - 70.0 V 15-400 A	350 A 31.5 V

See section 3-7 for duty cycle rating.

#### 3-5. Dimensions And Weight

IF Overall dimensions (A, B, and C) include lifting eye, handles, hardware, etc.

#### A. Welding Power Source



#### B. Welding Power Source With Cart And Cooler

	Dimensions	
Α	58.5 in. (1485 mm)	
В	20.9 in. (530 mm)	A
С	43.9 in. (1115 mm)	
	Weight	B C
	Net - 280 lb (127 kg)	9561723

#### 3-6. Environmental Specifications

#### A. IP Rating

IP Rating
IP23S
This equipment is designed for outdoor use. It may be stored, but is not intended to be used outside during precipitation unless sheltered.
IP23S 2014-06

#### **B.** Temperature Specifications

Operating Temperature Range*	Storage/Transportation Temperature Range
−10 to 40°C (14 to 104°F)	−20 to 55°C (−4 to 131°F)
*Output is derated at temperatures above 40°C (104°F).	Temp_2016-07

#### C. Information On Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

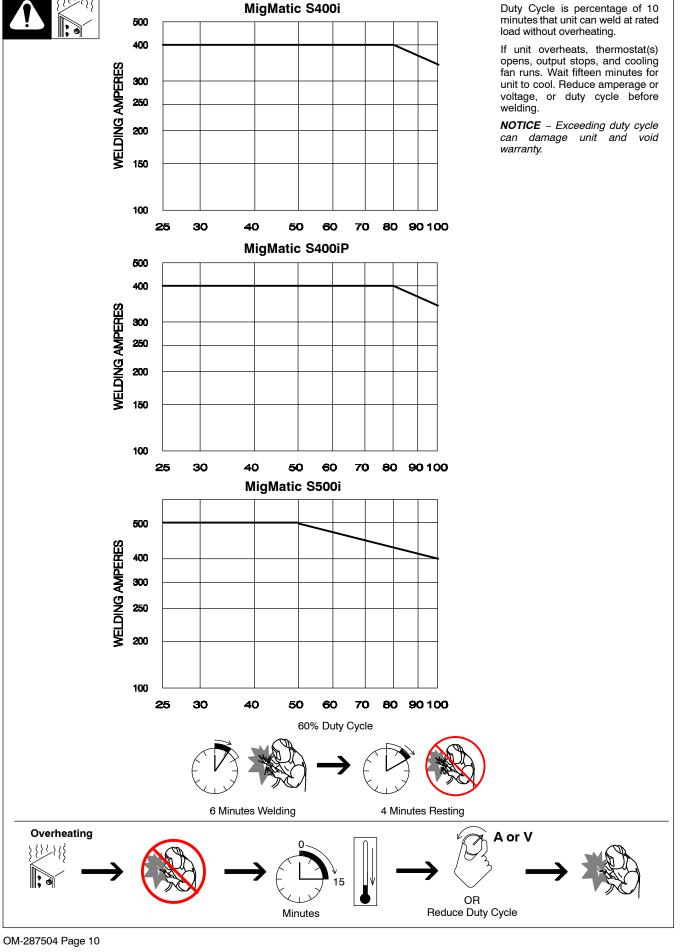


This Class A equipment is not intended for use in residential locations where the electrical power is provided by the public low voltage supply system. There can be potential difficulties in ensuring electromagnetic compatibility in those locations, due to conducted as well as radiated disturbances.

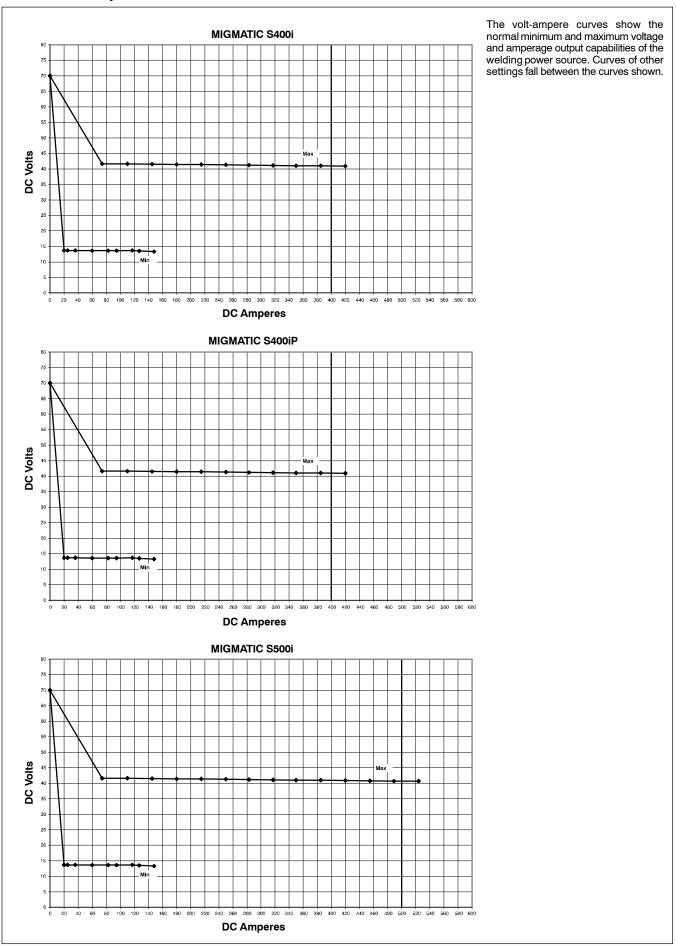
This equipment does not comply with IEC 61000-3-12. If it is connected to a public low voltage system, it is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the equipment can be connected. IEC/TS 61000-3-4 can be used to guide parties concerned by the installation of arc welding equipment with an input current greater than 16 A in a low voltage network.

ce-emc 2 2014-07

#### **Duty Cycle And Overheating**

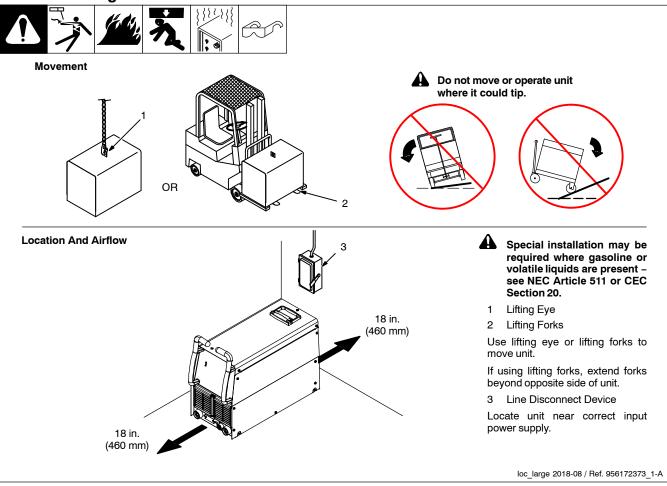


#### 3-8. Volt-Ampere Curves



# **SECTION 4 - INSTALLATION**

#### 4-1. Selecting A Location



# **Notes**

#### 4-2. Selecting Cable Sizes\*

NOTICE - The Total Cable Length in Weld Circuit (see table below) is the combined length of both weld cables. For example, if the power source is 30 m (100 ft) from the workpiece, the total cable length in the weld circuit is 60 m (2 cables x 30 m). Use the 60 m (200 ft) column to determine cable size.

		Weld	Cable Size**	and Total Cable Not Exce	,	ngth in Weld	Circuit	
	30 m (100	ft) or Less	45 m (150 ft)	60 m (200 ft)	70 m (250 ft)	90 m (300 ft)	105 m (350 ft)	120 m (400 ft)
Welding Amperes	10 – 60% Duty Cycle mm² (AWG)	60 – 100% Duty Cycle mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)		10 – 100% Duty Cycle mm² (AWG)				
100	20 (4)	20 (4)	20 (4)	30 (3)	35 (2)	50 (1)	60 (1/0)	60 (1/0)
150	30 (3)	30 (3)	35 (2)	50 (1)	60 (1/0)	70 (2/0)	95 (3/0)	95 (3/0)
200	30 (3)	35 (2)	50 (1)	60 (1/0)	70 (2/0)	95 (3/0)	120 (4/0)	120 (4/0)
250	35 (2)	50 (1)	60 (1/0)	70 (2/0)	95 (3/0)	120 (4/0)	2x70 (2x2/0)	2x70 (2x2/0)
300	50 (1)	60 (1/0)	70 (2/0)	95 (3/0)	120 (4/0)	2x70 (2x2/0)	2x95 (2x3/0)	2x95 (2x3/0)
350	60 (1/0)	70 (2/0)	95 (3/0)	120 (4/0)	2x70 (2x2/0)	2x95 (2x3/0)	2x95 (2x3/0)	2x120 (2x4/0)
400	60 (1/0)	70 (2/0)	95 (3/0)	120 (4/0)	2x70 (2x2/0)	2x95 (2x3/0)	2x120 (2x4/0)	2x120 (2x4/0)
500	70 (2/0)	95 (3/0)	120 (4/0)	2x70 (2x2/0)	2x95 (2x3/0)	2x120 (2x4/0)	3x95 (3x3/0)	3x95 (3x3/0)
600	95 (3/0)	120 (4/0)	2x70 (2x2/0)	2x95 (2x3/0)	2x120 (2x4/0)	3x95 (3x3/0)	3x120 (3x4/0)	3x120 (3x4/0)

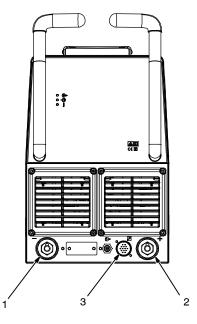
<sup>\*</sup>This chart is a general guideline and may not suit all applications. If cable overheats, use next size larger cable.

#### **Weld Output Terminals**











Turn off power before connecting to weld output terminals.



Do not use worn, damaged, undersized, or repaired cables.

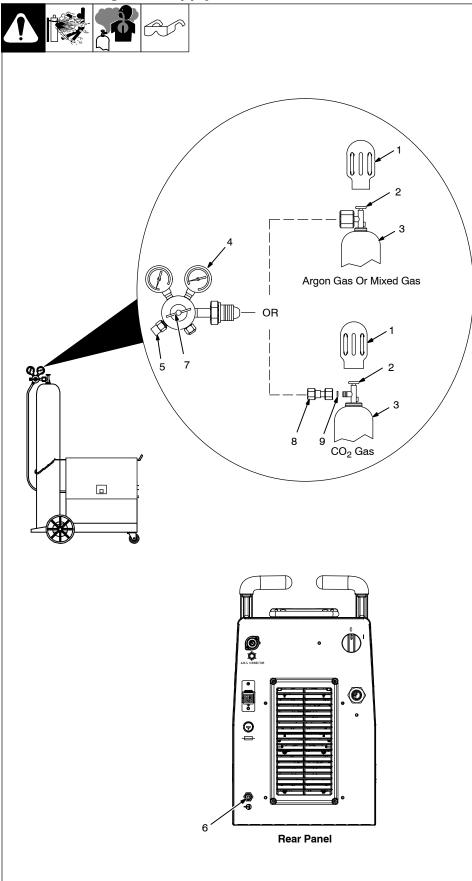
- Electrode Weld Output Terminal (-) Negative Weld Output Terminal
- Work Weld Output Terminal (+) Positive Weld Output Terminal
- 3 Remote 14 Receptacle

Ref. 956172374\_4\_A

<sup>\*\*</sup>Weld cable size is based on either a 4 volts or less drop or a current density of at least 300 circular mils per ampere.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>For distances longer than those shown in this guide, see AWS Fact Sheet No. 39, Welding Cables, available from the American Welding Society at http://www.aws.org. Milan Ref. S-0007-M 2017-08

#### 4-4. Installing Gas Supply



Obtain gas cylinder and chain to running gear, wall, or other stationary support so cylinder cannot fall and break off valve.

- 1 Cap
- 2 Cylinder Valve

Remove cap, stand to side of valve, and open valve slightly. Gas flow blows dust and dirt from valve. Close valve.

- 3 Cylinder
- 4 Regulator/Flowmeter

Install so face is vertical.

- 5 Regulator/Flowmeter Gas Hose Connection
- 6 Welding Power Source Gas Hose Connection

Connect supplied gas hose between regulator/flowmeter gas hose connection, and fitting on rear of welding power source.

#### 7 Flow Adjust

Typical flow rate is between 15-20 liters per minute. Check wire manufacturer's recommended flow rate.

- 8 CO<sub>2</sub> Adapter (Customer Supplied)
- 9 O-Ring (Customer Supplied)

Install adapter with O-ring between regulator/flow meter and  ${\rm CO_2}$  cylinder.

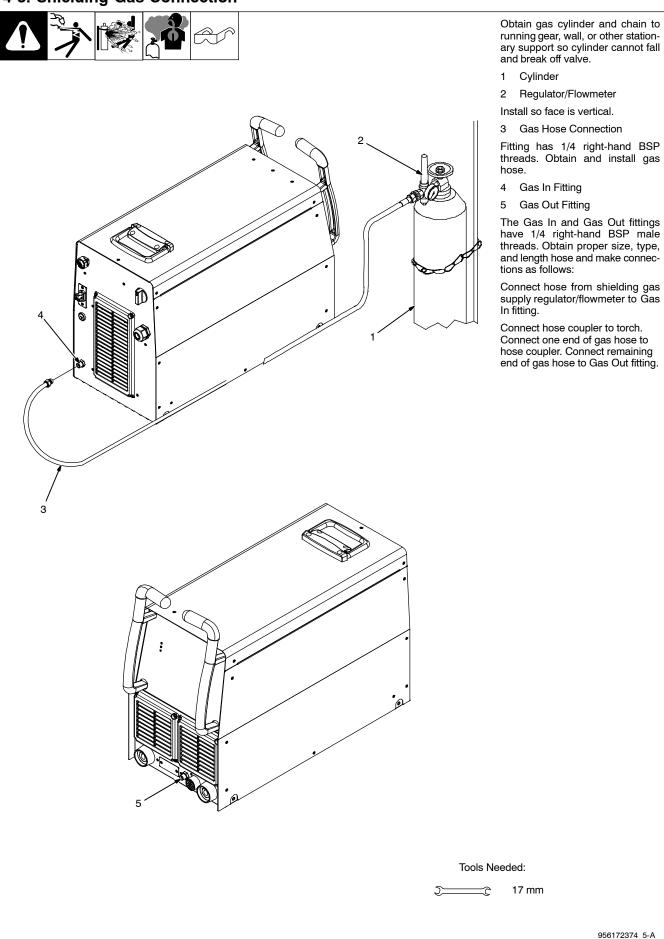
Tools Needed:

**3** 

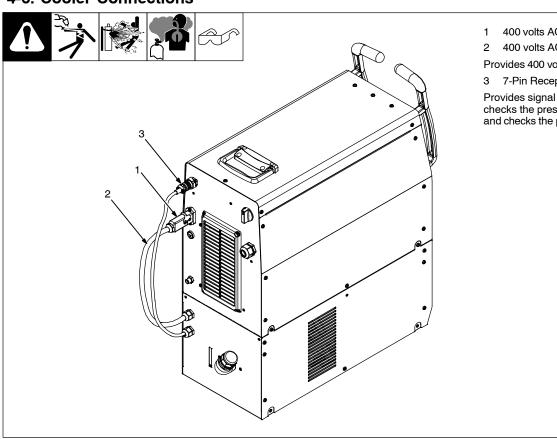
19/32 in (15 mm)

Ref. 956172374\_10-A / Ref. 149827-B / Ref. 158697-A

#### 4-5. Shielding Gas Connection



#### 4-6. Cooler Connections



- 400 volts AC, 1 Amp Receptacle
- 400 volts AC Cord

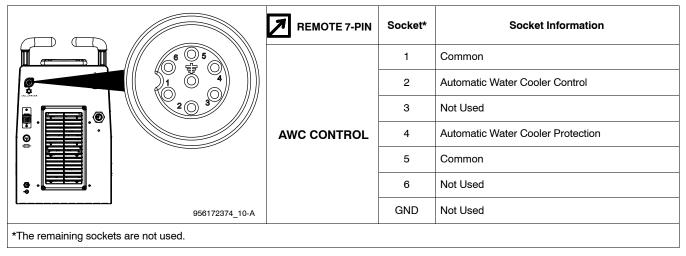
Provides 400 volts AC to power cooler.

7-Pin Receptacle

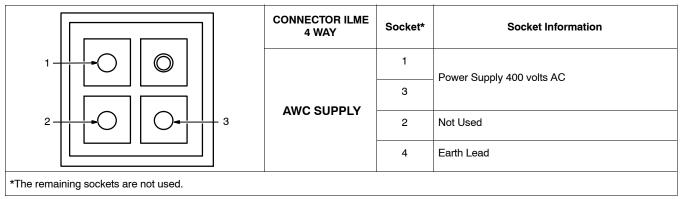
Provides signal to activate the cooler, checks the presence of the liquid flow, and checks the presence of the cooler.

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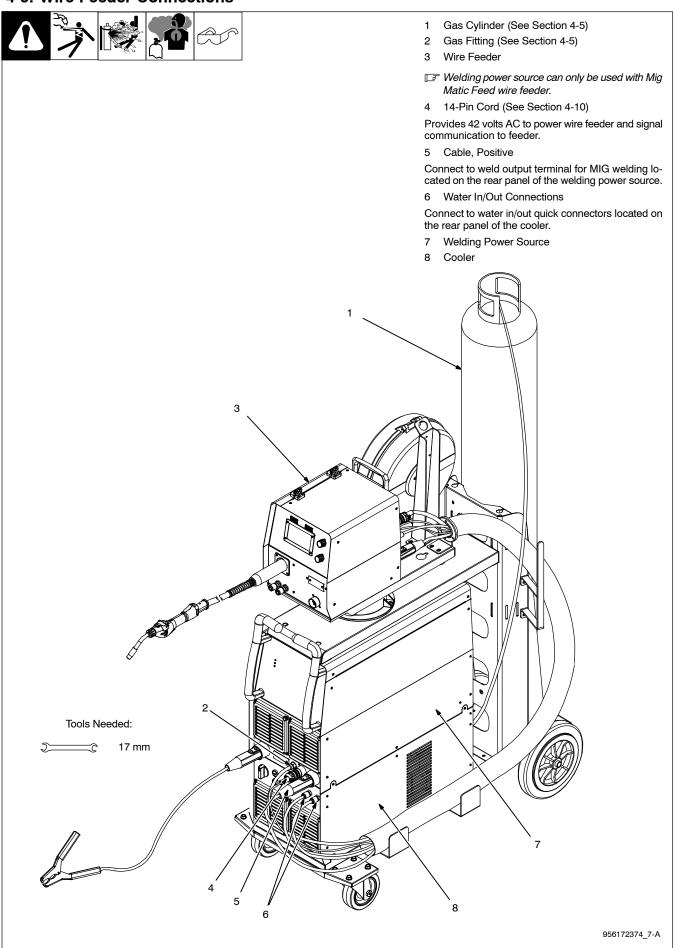
#### 4-7. 7-Pin Receptacle Information



#### **Power Supply Receptacle Information**

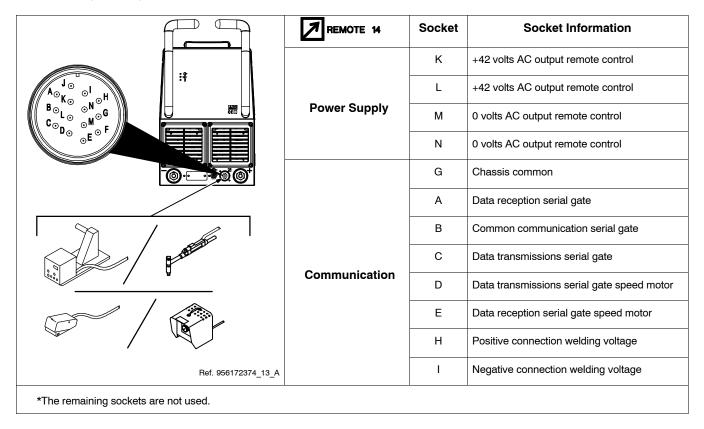


#### 4-9. Wire Feeder Connections



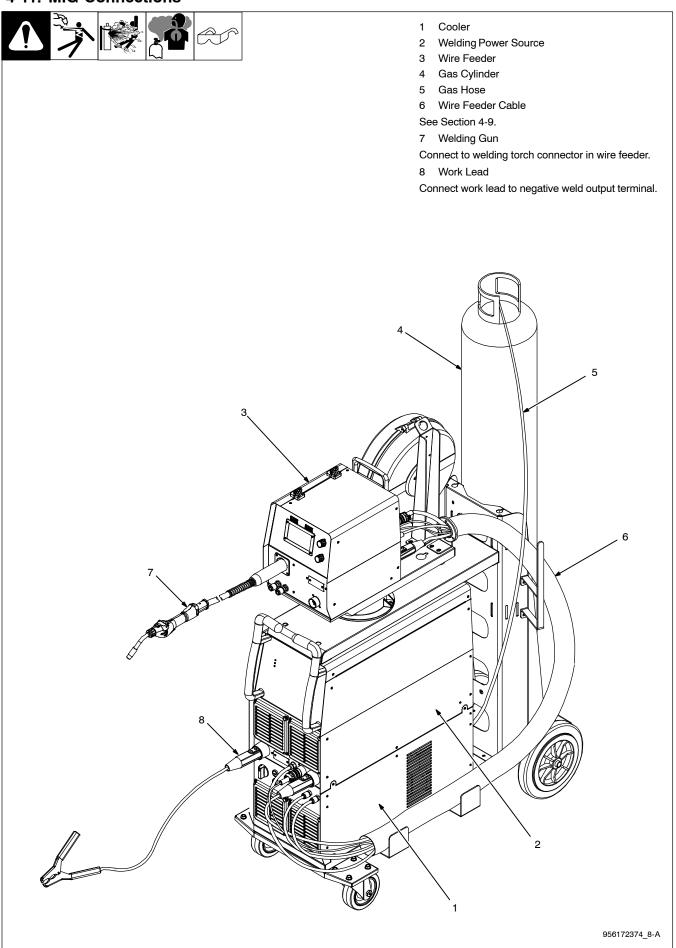
#### 4-10. Remote 14-Pin Receptacle Information

14-Pin front panel receptacle "X Rotation".



Notes		

#### 4-11. MIG Connections



#### 4-12. Electrical Service Guide (Three-Phase)



Failure to follow these electrical service guide recommendations could create an electric shock or fire hazard. These recommendations are for an individual branch circuit sized for the rated output and duty cycle of one welding power source.

In individual branch circuit installations, the National Electrical Code (NEC) allows the receptacle or conductor rating to be less than the rating of the circuit protection device. All components of the circuit must be physically compatible. See NEC articles 210.21, 630.11, and 630.12.

A CE-marked equipment shall only be used on a supply network that is a three-phase, four-wire system with an earthed neutral.

🕝 Actual input voltage should not fall below 340 volts AC or rise above 460 volts AC. If actual input voltage is outside this range, unit may not operate according to specifications.

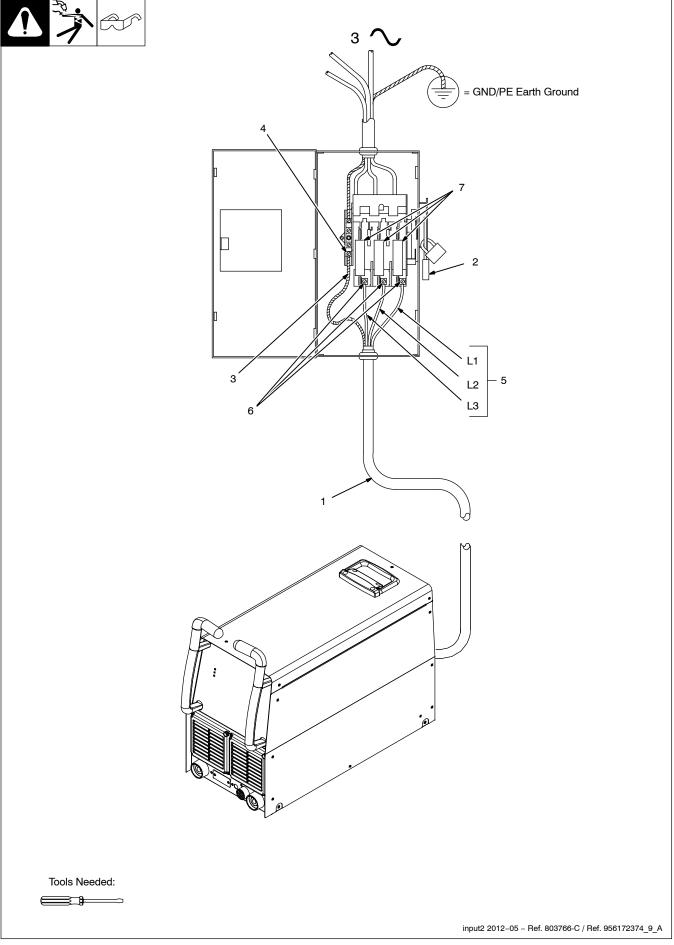
	S400i	S400iP	S500i
Rated Supply Voltage (V)	400	400	400
Rated Maximum Supply Current I <sub>1max</sub> (A)	26.0	26.0	38.0
Maximum Effective Supply Current I <sub>1eff</sub> (A)	23.2	23.2	27.2
Max Recommended Standard Fuse Rating In Amperes <sup>1</sup>			
Time Delay Fuses <sup>2</sup>	30	30	45
Normal Operating Fuses <sup>3</sup>	35	35	50
Maximum Recommended Supply Conductor Length In Feet (Meters) <sup>4</sup>	248 (75)	248 (75)	164 (50)
Raceway Installation			
Minimum Supply Conductor Size In AWG (mm²) <sup>5</sup>	10 (6)	10 (6)	10 (6)
Minimum Grounding Conductor Size In AWG (mm²) <sup>5</sup>	10 (6)	10 (6)	10 (6)

Reference: 2020 National Electrical Code (NEC) (including article 630)

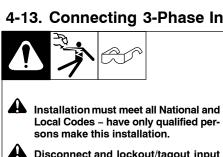
- 1 If a circuit breaker is used in place of a fuse, choose a circuit breaker with time-current curves comparable to the recommended fuse.
- 2 "Time-Delay" fuses are UL class "RK5". See UL 248.
- 3 "Normal Operating" (general purpose no intentional delay) fuses are UL class "K5" (up to and including 60 amps), and UL class "H" (65 amps and
- 4 Maximum total length of copper input conductors in entire installation, raceway and/or flexible cord.
- 5 Raceway conductor data in this section specifies conductor size (excluding flexible cord or cable) between the panelboard and the equipment per NEC Table 310.15(B)(16) and is based on allowable ampacities of insulated copper conductors having a temperature rating of 75°C (167°F) with not more than three single current-carrying conductors in a raceway.

Notes			

### 4-13. Connecting 3-Phase Input Power



#### 4-13. Connecting 3-Phase Input Power (Continued)



⚠ Disconnect and lockout/tagout input power before connecting input conductors from unit. Follow established procedures regarding the installation

devices.

Always connect green or green/yellow conductor to supply grounding terminal first, and never to a line terminal.

and removal of lockout/tagout

See rating label on unit and check input voltage available at site.

#### For Three-Phase Operation

- Input Power Cord.
- Disconnect Device (switch shown in the OFF position)
- Green Or Green/Yellow Grounding Conductor
- Disconnect Device Grounding Terminal
- Input Conductors (L1, L2 And L3)
- Disconnect Device Line Terminals

Connect green or green/yellow grounding conductor to disconnect device grounding ter-

Connect input conductors L1, L2, and L3 to disconnect device line terminals.

#### 7 Over-Current Protection

Select type and size of over-current protection using Sections 4-12 (fused disconnect switch shown).

Close and secure door on disconnect device. Follow established lockout/tagout procedures to put unit in service.

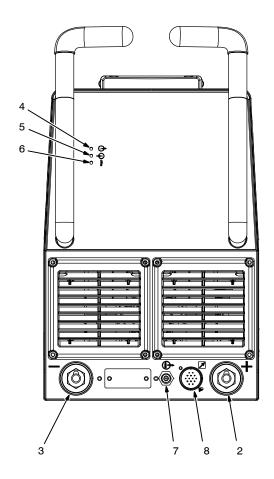
input2 2012-05

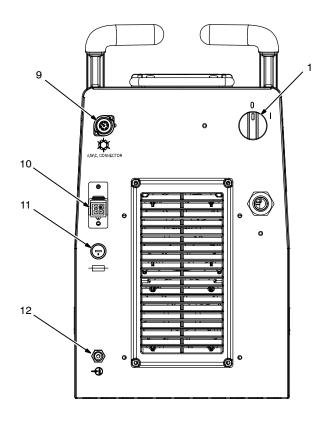
Notes			

# **SECTION 5 - OPERATION**

#### 5-1. Front And Rear Panel Controls







Front of Machine

Back of Machine

1 Power Switch S1

Use switch to turn power on and off.

- 2 Positive Weld Output Terminal
- 3 Negative Weld Output Terminal
- 4 Weld Output Indicator Light

LED illuminates when output power is on.

5 Power Indicator Light

LED illuminates when input power is on.

6 High Temperature Light

Light comes on if unit overheats. Welding can resume when unit has cooled (see Section 5-2).

- 7 Gas Out 1/4 BSP Fitting
- 8 14-Pin Panel Receptacle (see Section 4-10).
- 7-Pin Panel Receptacle (see Section 4-7).
- 10 400 volts AC Cooler Supply Power Receptacle (see Section 4-6).
- 11 2A Fuse

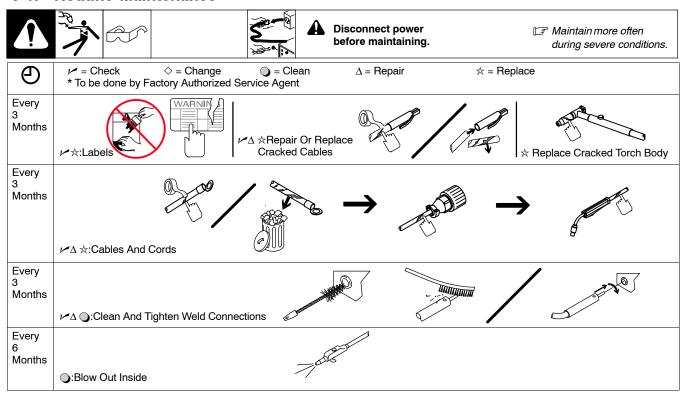
Protects wire feeder aux transformer from overload.

12 Gas In 1/4 BSP Fitting

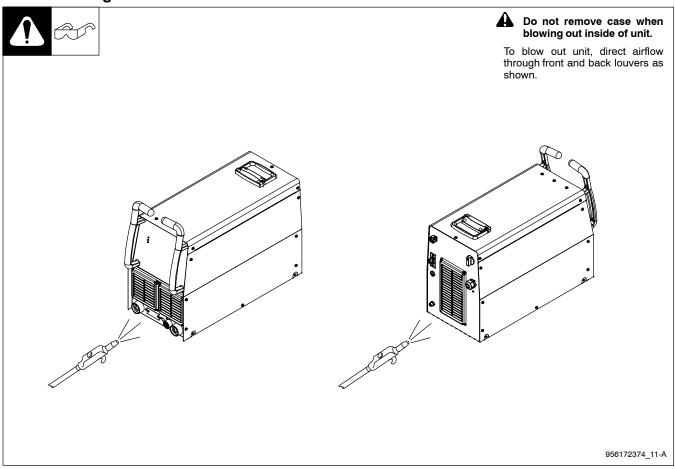
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# **SECTION 6 - MAINTENANCE & TROUBLESHOOTING**

#### 6-1. Routine Maintenance



#### 6-2. Blowing Out Inside Of Unit



#### 6-3. Troubleshooting













Trouble	Remedy			
No weld output; unit completely inoperative.	Place line disconnect switch in On position (see Section 4-13).			
uvo.	Check and replace line fuse(s), if necessary, or reset circuit breaker (see Section 4-13).			
	Check for proper input power connections (see Section 4-13).			
No weld output.	Input voltage outside acceptable range of variation (see Section 4-12, 4-13).			
	Check, repair, or replace remote control.			
	Unit overheated. Allow unit to cool with fan on (see Section 3-7).			
Erratic or improper weld output.	Use proper size and type of weld cables (see Section 4-2).			
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check front panel board PC1, and replace if necessary.			
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check front panel board PC1, and replace if necessary.			

Notes		

# **SECTION 7 - ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS**

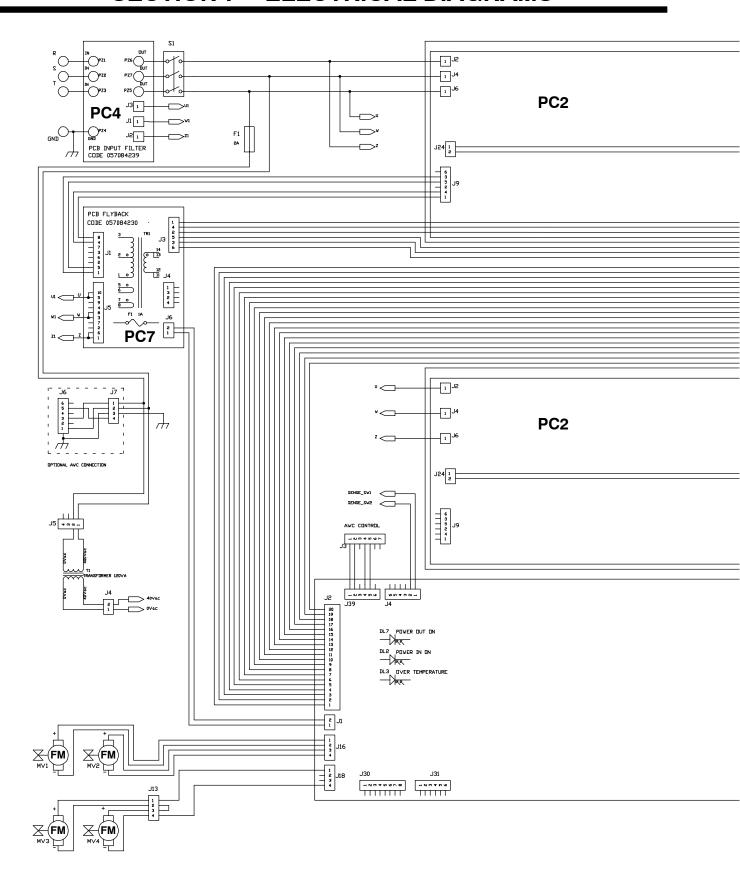
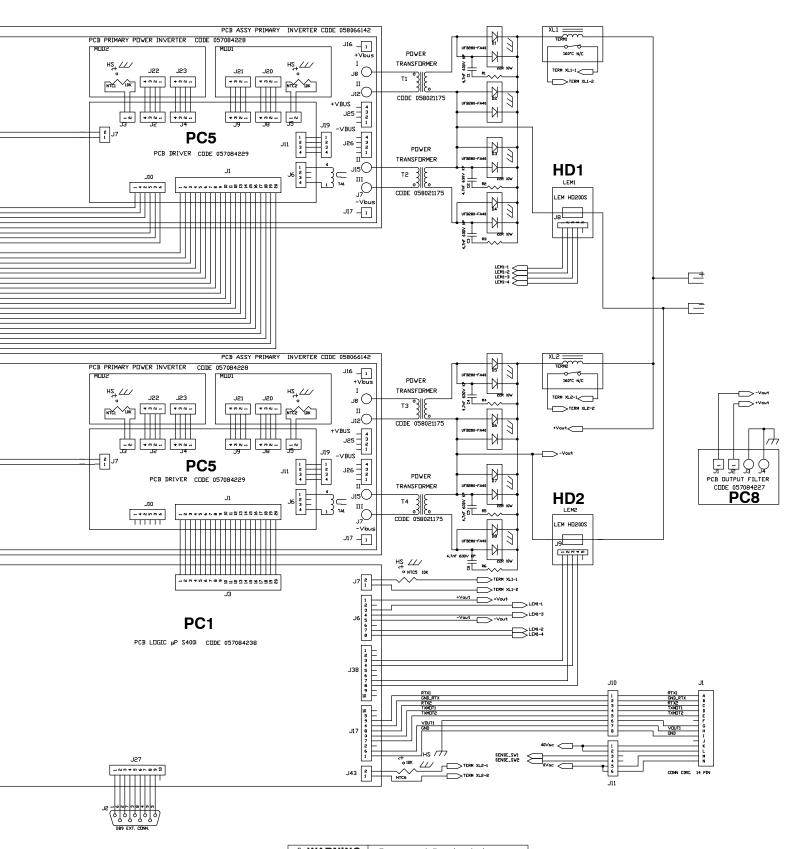


Figure 7-1. Circuit Diagram for Migmatic S400i



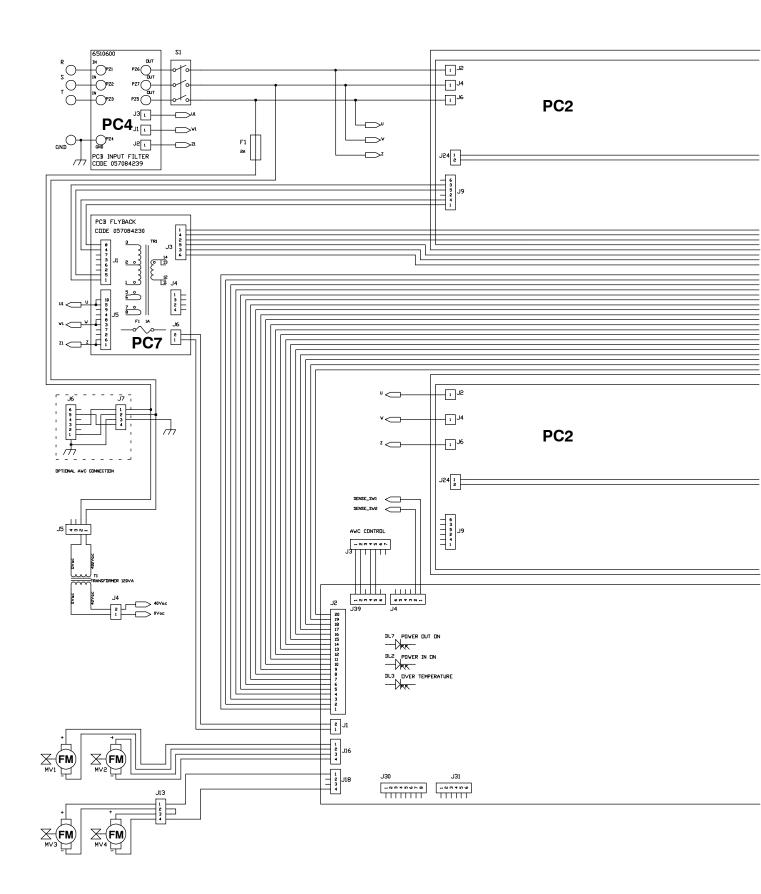
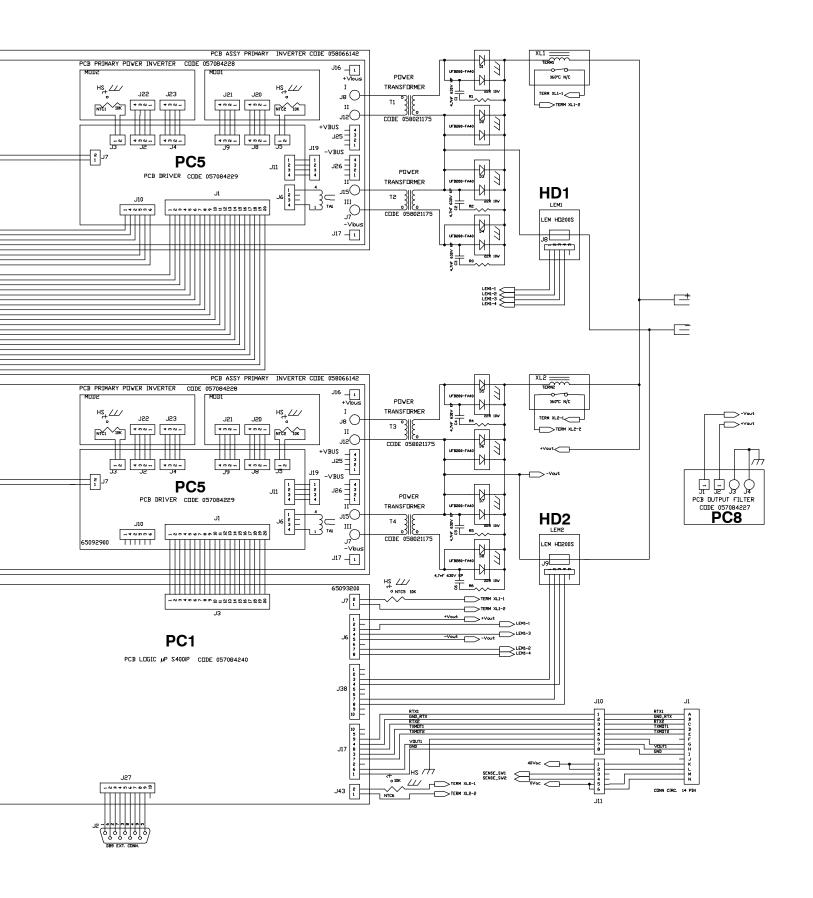


Figure 7-2. Circuit Diagram for Migmatic S400iP





- WARNING
   Do not touch live electrical parts.
   Disconnect input power or stop
  - engine before servicing
  - Do not operate with covers removed.
- ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD Have only qualified persons install, use, or service this unit.

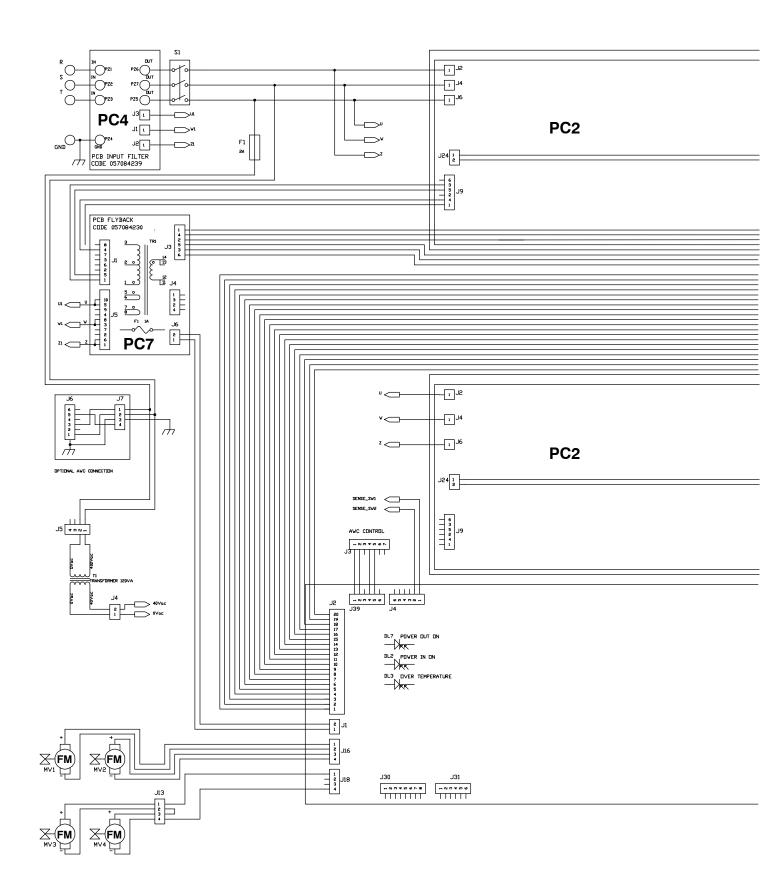
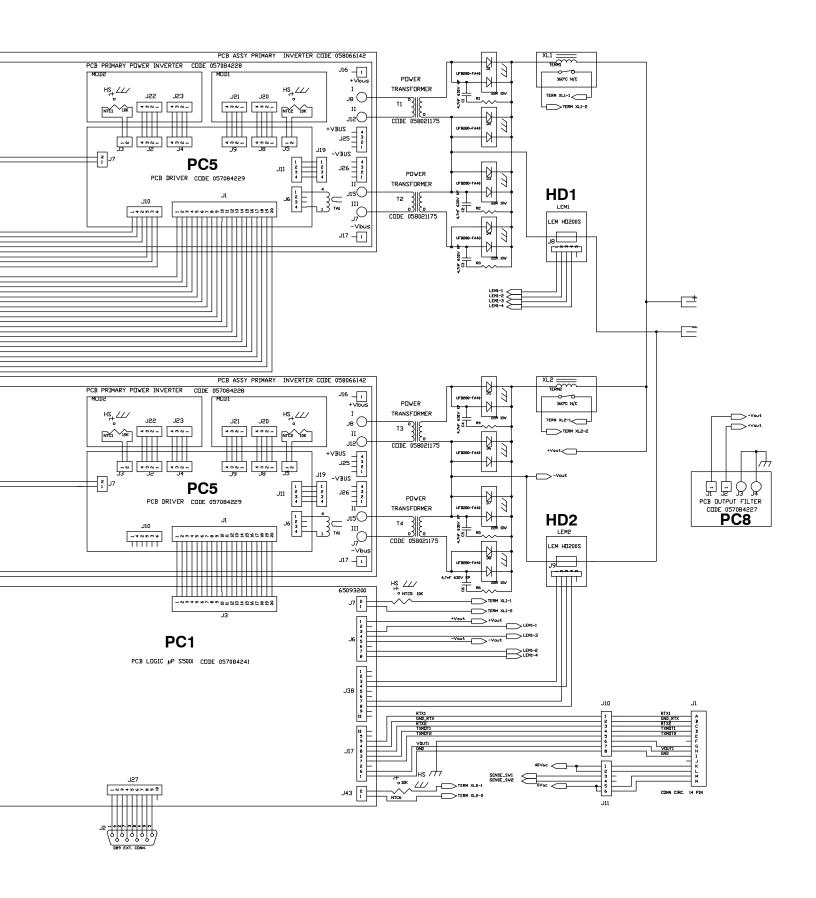
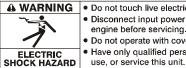


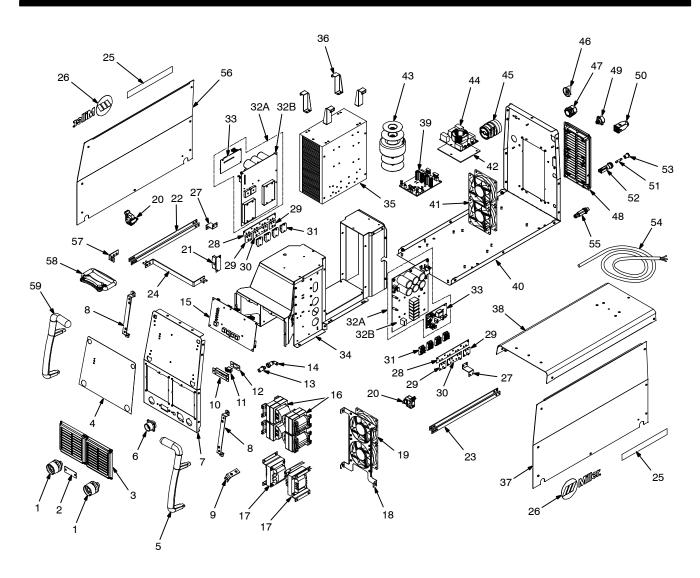
Figure 7-3. Circuit Diagram for Migmatic S500i





- **♠ WARNING** Do not touch live electrical parts. · Disconnect input power or stop
  - engine before servicing. • Do not operate with covers removed.
  - Have only qualified persons install,

# **SECTION 8 - PARTS LIST**



956172374\_12\_A

Figure 8-1. Main Assembly, MigMatic S400i/400iP/500i

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
			Figure 8-1. Main Assembly, MigMatic S400i/400iP/500i	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12		. 156005228 556049431 156005229 556049432	Cover, 65 x 27 Grid, Front Instrument Plate, Front Handle, Right Kit, Cable, 14-Pin Receptacle Panel, Front	1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1

Quantity

Description

	Figure 8-1. Main Assembly, MigMatic S400i/400iP/500i
15 PC1 057084238	Logic μP Board S400i
PC1 057084240	Logic μP Board S400iP
PC1 057084241	Logic μP Board S500i 1
16 T1,T2,T3,T4 . 058021175	Power Transformer 4
17 XL1 057098027	Output Inductance
18 156005232	Support, Fan
19 FM 056126088	Fan, Motor w/leads and plug
20 . HD1,HD2 056167014	Probe, Lem
21 PC8 057084227	Circuit Board, Output Filter 1
22 216031082	Copper Connection
23 216031083	Copper Connection
24 216031084	Copper Connection
25 356029274	Nameplate, Side S400i
	Nameplate, Side S400iP
	Nameplate, Side S500i
26 119503	Label, Miller Logo 240mm
27 216031085	Copper Connection
28 216031086	Copper Connection
29 056076321	Copper Connection 4
30 216031087	Copper Connection
31 056068076	Diode, Secondary 8
32A PC2,PC5 . 058066142	Kit, PCB Assy, Primary Power Inverter
32B . PC2 057084228	Circuit Board, Primary Power Inverter 2
33 PC5 057084229	Circuit Board, Driver
34 156005230	Support, Heatsink
35 056082110	Heatsink 1
36 156005231	Support, Circuit Board 4
37 156122104	Panel, Right Side 1
38 156121052	Cover
39 PC7 057084230	Circuit Board, Flyback
40 156006104	Base, Rear 1
41 FM 056126090	Fan, Motor w/leads and plug 2
42 656005037	Insulator, Filter 1
43 058021276	Transformer, Auxiliary
44 PC4 057084239	Circuit Board, Input Filter 1
45 S1 056067293	Switch, Power 1
46 056020081	Knob, Power Switch 1
47 656089039	Strain Relief 1
48 116170003	
49 056076325	7-Pin Receptacle, AWC Control 1
50 056076326	4-Pin Receptacle, AWC Power Supply
51 F1 056092103	
52 056092104	Fuse Holder 1
53 156007049	Fuse Holder Cover
54 057014433	Cable, Power 1
55 556049432	Connector, Gas
56 156122105	
57 216031088	Copper Connection, Negative
58 208015	
59 231554	Handle, Left 1

<sup>+</sup>When ordering a component originally displaying a precautionary label, the label should also be ordered.

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

Notes	
	Welding Tip:
	Securely connect work clamp to a clean area close to the weld joint.

# **Notes**

Notes	
	$\mathcal{M}$
	Work like a Pro!
	Pros weld and cut
	safely. Read the
	safety rules at
	the beginning
	of this manual.



# Effective January 1, 2020 (Equipment with a serial number preface of NA or newer)

This limited warranty supersedes all previous Miller warranties and is exclusive with no other guarantees or warranties expressed or implied.

Warranty Questions?
Call your ITW Welding
Regional Office.

LIMITED WARRANTY – Subject to the terms and conditions below, Miller Electric Mfg. LLC, Appleton, Wisconsin and ITW Welding (hereafter referred to as Miller) warrant to authorized distributors that new Miller equipment sold after the effective date of this limited warranty is free of defects in material and workmanship at the time it is shipped by Miller. THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS.

Within the warranty periods listed below, Miller will repair or replace any warranted parts or components that fail due to such defects in material or workmanship. Miller must be notified in writing within thirty (30) days of such defect or failure, at which time Miller will provide instructions on the warranty claim procedures to be followed. Notifications submitted as online warranty claims must provide detailed descriptions of the fault and troubleshooting steps taken to diagnose failed parts. Warranty claims that lack the required information as defined in the Miller Service Operation Guide (SOG) may be denied by Miller.

Miller shall honor warranty claims on warranted equipment listed below in the event of a defect within the warranty coverage time periods listed below. Warranty time periods start on the delivery date of the equipment to the end-user purchaser, or 18 months after the equipment is shipped to an International distributor, whichever occurs first.

- 1. 5 Years Parts 3 Years Labor
  - Original Main Power Rectifiers Only to Include SCRs, Diodes, and Discrete Rectifier Modules
- 2. 3 Years Parts and Labor Unless Specified
  - \* Auto-Darkening Helmet Lenses (No Labor) (See Classic Series Exception Below)
  - \* Engine Driven Welder/Generators (NOTE: Engines are Warranted Separately by the Engine Manufacturer.)
  - Insight Welding Intelligence Products (Except External Sensors)
  - \* Inverter Power Sources
  - \* Plasma Arc Cutting Power Sources
  - \* Process Controllers
  - \* Semi-Automatic and Automatic Wire Feeders
  - \* Transformer/Rectifier Power Sources
- 3. 2 Years Parts and Labor
  - \* Auto-Darkening Helmet Lenses Classic Series Only (No Labor)
  - \* Auto-Darkening Weld Masks (No Labor)
  - \* Fume Extractors Capture 5, Filtair 400 and Industrial Collector Series
- 4. 1 Year Parts and Labor Unless Specified
  - \* ArcReach Heater
  - \* AugmentedArc and LiveArc Welding Systems
  - \* Automatic Motion Devices
  - \* Bernard BTB Air-Cooled MIG Guns (No Labor)
  - \* CoolBelt (No Labor)
  - \* Desiccant Air Dryer System
  - \* Field Options

(NOTE: Field options are covered for the remaining warranty period of the product they are installed in, or for a minimum of one year — whichever is greater.)

- \* RFCS Foot Controls (Except RFCS-RJ45)
- Fume Extractors Filtair 130, MWX and SWX Series, ZoneFlow Extraction Arms and Motor Control Box
- \* HF Units
- \* ICE/XT Plasma Cutting Torches (No Labor)
- Induction Heating Power Sources, Coolers
   (NOTE: Digital Recorders are Warranted Separately by the Manufacturer.)
- Load Banks
- \* Motor-Driven Guns (except Spoolmate Spoolguns)
- \* PAPR Blower Unit (No Labor)

- \* Positioners and Controllers
- \* Racks (For Housing Multiple Power Sources)
- \* Running Gear/Trailers
- \* Subarc Wire Drive Assemblies
- \* Supplied Air Respirator (SAR) Boxes and Panels
- \* TIG Torches (No Labor)
- \* Tregaskiss Guns (No Labor)
- Water Cooling Systems
- \* Wireless Remote Foot/Hand Controls and Receivers
- Work Stations/Weld Tables (No Labor)
- . 6 Months Parts
- \* Batteries
- 6. 90 Days Parts
  - Accessories (Kits)
  - \* ArcReach Heater Quick Wrap and Air Cooled Cables
  - \* Canvas Covers
  - Induction Heating Coils and Blankets, Cables, and Non-Electronic Controls
  - \* MDX Series MIG Guns
  - M-Guns
  - \* MIG Guns, Subarc (SAW) Torches, and External Cladding Heads
  - \* Remote Controls and RFCS-RJ45
  - \* Replacement Parts (No labor)
  - Spoolmate Spoolguns

Miller's True Blue® Limited Warranty shall not apply to:

- Consumable components; such as contact tips, cutting nozzles, contactors, brushes, relays, work station table tops and welding curtains, or parts that fail due to normal wear. (Exception: brushes and relays are covered on all engine-driven products.)
- Items furnished by Miller, but manufactured by others, such as engines or trade accessories. These items are covered by the manufacturer's warranty, if any.
- Equipment that has been modified by any party other than Miller, or equipment that has been improperly installed, improperly operated or misused based upon industry standards, or equipment which has not had reasonable and necessary maintenance, or equipment which has been used for operation outside of the specifications for the equipment.
- Defects caused by accident, unauthorized repair, or improper testing.

MILLER PRODUCTS ARE INTENDED FOR COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL USERS TRAINED AND EXPERIENCED IN THE USE AND MAINTENANCE OF WELDING EQUIPMENT.

The exclusive remedies for warranty claims are, at Miller's option, either: (1) repair; or (2) replacement; or, if approved in writing by Miller, (3) the pre-approved cost of repair or replacement at an authorized Miller service station; or (4) payment of or credit for the purchase price (less reasonable depreciation based upon use). Products may not be returned without Miller's written approval. Return shipment shall be at customer's risk and expense.

The above remedies are F.O.B. Appleton, WI, or Miller's authorized service facility. Transportation and freight are the customer's responsibility. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, THE REMEDIES HEREIN ARE THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES REGARDLESS OF THE LEGAL THEORY. IN NO EVENT SHALL MILLER BE LIABLE FOR INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING LOSS OF PROFIT) REGARDLESS OF THE LEGAL THEORY. ANY WARRANTY NOT PROVIDED HEREIN AND ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY. GUARANTY, REPRESENTATION. OR IMPLIED INCLUDING WARRANTY ANY MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ARE EXCLUDED AND DISCLAIMED BY

This Limited Warranty provides specific legal rights, and other rights may be available, but may vary by country.



# **Owner's Record**

Please complete and retain with your personal records.

Model Name	Serial/Style Number	
Purchase Date	(Date which equipment was delivered to original customer.)	
Distributor		
Address		
Country	Zip/Postal Code	

# For Service

#### Contact a DISTRIBUTOR or SERVICE AGENCY near you.

Always provide Model Name and Serial/Style Number.

Contact your Distributor for: Welding Supplies and Consumables

Options and Accessories

Service and Repair Replacement Parts Owner's Manuals

Contact the Delivering Carrier to:

File a claim for loss or damage during

shipment.

For assistance in filing or settling claims, contact your distributor and/or equipment manufacturer's

Transportation Department.

ITW Welding Products B.V. Edisonstraat 10 3261 LD Oud-Beijerland (NL) Phone: +31 (0) 186 641 444 Fax: +31 (0) 186 640 880

